



Aptamil RANGE



IMPORTANT NOTICE: Breastfeeding is best. Infant milk is suitable from birth when infants are not breastfed. Follow-on milk is only for infants over 6 months, as part of a mixed diet and should not be used as a breastmilk substitute before 6 months. We advise that the use of formula milks and the decision to start weaning should be made only on the advice of a doctor, dietitian, pharmacist or other professional responsible for maternal and child care based on infant's individual needs. Use Toddler milk as part of a varied and balanced diet from 1 year. Comfort and Anti-Reflux are foods for special medical purposes and should only be used under medical supervision. May be suitable for use as the sole source of nutrition for infants from birth, and/or as part of a balanced diet from 6-12 months. Refer to label for details.

**This information is intended for healthcare professionals only.
September 2026.**

Aptamil Range

From birth

Aptamil First Infant Milk

- Oligosaccharides
- LCPs

Available in 6 x 70ml starter pack, 1.2kg big pack, 800g powder pack, 200ml and 500ml liquid bottle and pre-measured tabs



From birth

Aptamil Hungry First Infant Milk

- Casein-dominant milk
- Oligosaccharides
- LCPs

Available in 800g powder pack



From 6-12 months

Aptamil Follow On Milk

- Contains iron to support normal cognitive development and vitamin D to support normal growth and development of bone.
- Oligosaccharides
- LCPs - DHA and AA

Available in 1.2kg big pack, 800g powder pack, 200ml liquid bottle and pre-measured tabs



From 1-3 years

Aptamil Toddler Milk

- Oligosaccharides
- DHA (Omega-3)
- Iron to support normal cognitive development
- Vitamin D to support the normal function of the immune system
- Source of Fibre

Available in 700g powder pack, 800g powder pack, 200ml and 1 litre liquid bottle*



2 beakers a day (2x150ml) of Aptamil toddler milk contribute towards toddlers' daily vitamin D requirements

Aptamil Range

From birth

Aptamil Lactose Free First Infant Milk

- Lactose free
- **Not suitable for infants with galactosaemia and cow's milk allergy.**
- Not suitable for intravenous use.
- Not suitable for vegetarians.

Available in
400g powder tin



Aptamil ADVANCED Range

From birth

Aptamil ADVANCED First Infant Milk



- Oligosaccharides including 2'-FL
- Anhydrous milk fat for improved fat absorption and digestion¹
- Phospholipid bound LCPs
- Nucleotides

Available in 6 x 70ml starter pack, 800g powder pack and 200ml liquid bottle

From 6-12 months

Aptamil ADVANCED Follow On Milk



- Oligosaccharides including 2'-FL
- Anhydrous milk fat for improved fat absorption and digestion¹
- Phospholipid bound LCPs
- Nucleotides
- Iron and vitamin D

Available in 800g powder pack and 200ml liquid bottle

From 1-3 years

Aptamil ADVANCED Toddler Milk



- Oligosaccharides including 2'-FL
- Anhydrous milk fat for improved fat absorption and digestion¹
- Iron and vitamin D

Available in 800g powder pack

Aptamil ADVANCED range contains no palm oil.

Aptamil Tailored Milks

Aptamil Comfort[^]



- Suitable from birth for the dietary management of **colic and constipation** in formula-fed infants
- Partially hydrolysed protein (100% whey), reduced lactose and fat blend with beta-palmitate
- Significantly reduces the symptoms of colic and constipation²

Available in
800g powder pack

Aptamil Anti-Reflux[^]



- Suitable from birth for the dietary management of frequent **reflux and regurgitation** in formula-fed infants
- Significantly decreases regurgitation episodes and severity³

Available in
800g powder pack



Scan here to view our complete
Aptamil range

Call our careline or visit our website

0800 996 1000 (8am - 8pm Monday to Friday and 10am-5pm Saturday) www.aptaclub.co.uk

* Toddler Milk 4 only available in 800g pack.

[^] Foods for Special Medical Purposes

LCP: Long Chain Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids **DHA:** Docosahexaenoic Acid **AA:** Arachidonic Acid **EPA:** Eicosapentaenoic Acid
RDA: Recommended Dietary Allowance as recommended for toddlers by the Department of Health **2'-FL:** 2'-Fucosyllactose

References: **1.** Carnielli VP et al. J Pediatr Gastroenterol Nutr. 1996;23(5):553-60. **2.** Savino F et al. Acta Paediatrica Suppl 2003, 441:86-90.
3. Bellaiche M. et al., Pediatr Gastroenterol Hepatol Nutr. 2023; 26(5):249-265